Chairman Phil Mendelson Councilmember Christina Henderson A PROPOSED RESOLUTION IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA To declare the existence of an emergency with respect to the need to amend the Immunization of School Students Act of 1979 to postpone the date by which students must be vaccinated against COVID-19. RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Coronavirus Immunization of School Students Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2022". Sec. 2. (a) The District's student immunization policy, referred to as "No Shots, No School," preconditions students' enrollment in any school in the District of Columbia upon certification of immunization against certain transmissible diseases. The routine pediatric immunizations (RPIs) against tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis, varicella, measles, mumps, rubella, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis A, poliomyelitis, influenza, pneumococcal, human papillomavirus, and meningococcal administered to children between ages 2-16 are required of all students attending

(b) On December 21, 2021, the Council passed the Coronavirus Immunization of School

Students and Early Childhood Workers Amendment Act of 2021, which added SARS-CoV-2

District schools.

(COVID-19) immunizations with full Food and Drug Administration authorization to the list of vaccinations required of District students. At that time, the District was in the midst of an unprecedented surge of COVID-19 cases. DC Health reported 14,595 COVID-19 cases during the week of December 19, 2022, and 15,896 cases during the week of December 26, 2022, over 90% of which were attributable to the contagious new Omicron variant of COVID-19. DCPS sent entire school communities home before the start of the winter break to mitigate the virus' spread, and District leaders were standing up a new rapid-testing program as winter holidays began. At the time, the decision to require students to be vaccinated against COVID-19 as a condition of enrollment was the best policy choice available to the Council.

(c) In June 2022, District education leaders announced that the law would be enforced for routine pediatric vaccinations and COVID-19 vaccinations beginning in School Year 2022-2023. This would be the first time that the District committed to enforcement, meaning that students who were not vaccinated by the first day of school would have 20 school days to become vaccinated. If students did not meet the requirements within the 20 school days, they would be excluded from school and reported to the Child and Family Services Agency. The Committee of the Whole held a roundtable on June 29, 2022, at which education agency leaders discussed their plans to inform parents and students of the requirements and to facilitate compliance through outreach and offering vaccination opportunities to District students. On August 26, the Deputy Mayor for Education announced that deadline for students to come into compliance with the routine pediatric immunization requirement would be delayed to October 11, 2022, for elementary school students, and to November 4, 2022, for middle- and high school students, and to January 3, 2023, for all students to receive the COVID vaccine. As the October 11, 2022 deadline approached, the Office of the State Superintendent for Education instructed local

education agencies to offer a two-week grace period to families who did not meet the deadline but who either agreed to make an appointment soon or who were waiting on schools to verify receipt of their student's documentation.

- (d) The Committee of the Whole held a roundtable on October 11, 2022, which was the deadline for elementary school students to become compliant with No Shots, No School. District education agency leaders testified that several thousand students had not yet come into compliance with the routine pediatric immunization requirement. While conversations with the parents of noncompliant students led school leaders to expect that most students would be up to date on their vaccinations in the near future, they highlighted ongoing problems with aligning the three separate databases used to track students' vaccination statuses and issues families faced in timing full vaccination doses with the District's deadline. All agreed that the ultimate policy goal of all students being up to date on their routine pediatric vaccinations was attainable, but expressed reservations about the likelihood of families equally complying with the COVID-19 vaccine.
- (e) The District is working to ensure that the policy goals of universal vaccination against transmissible diseases and of in-person learning are achieved. However, the District must be certain that the data and the treatments on which it bases determinations of exclusion are accurate and up to date before excluding students from school. This pertains not only to District record-keeping, but Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidance and medical treatments for COVID-19. When the Coronavirus Immunization of School Students and Early Childhood Workers Amendment Act of 2021 became law, limited options were available to prevent and treat COVID-19. The vaccines developed by Pfizer and Moderna in 2020 were the best way to

prevent the spread of the disease. However, the virus evolved in the time since the vaccines became available, as have treatments.

(f) Currently, the most common variants spreading in the District are Omicron BA.4.6 and Omicron BA.5, which are structurally quite different from the original variants that the Moderna and Pfizer vaccines addressed. In fact, the original vaccines are not effective at preventing transmission of the new Omicron variants. On October 12, 2022, CDC Director Rochelle Walensky signed a decision memo authorizing the use of updated bivalent COVID-19 vaccines for children ages 5-11. These updated bivalent vaccines contain spike proteins from the Omicron BA.4 and BA.5 variants and will improve the COVID-19 vaccines' efficacy.

(g) As COVID-19 treatments improve, it is essential that students have access to the most effective available treatments possible before being excluded from school. Routine pediatric immunizations do not require periodic updates to remain effective. For that reason, this emergency extends the deadline for compliance to School Year 2023-2024 for only the COVID-19 vaccination requirement. This extension will ensure that students have time to receive the most up to date and most effective disease prevention treatments, allow parents and students the time they need to be better educated about the COVID-19 vaccine's efficacy and merits, and grant the District more time to reconcile the databases upon which it will make student exclusion determinations.

Sec. 3. This resolution shall take effect immediately.